

## Table of Contents

### Volume 5: Compounds of Group 14 (Ge, Sn, Pb)

5.2	<b>Product Class 2: Tin Compounds</b>	
5.2.16.11	<b>Tin Cyanides and Fulminates</b> <span style="float: right;">2014</span> P. B. Wyatt	
5.2.16.11	<b>Tin Cyanides and Fulminates</b> .....	1
5.2.16.11.1	Method 1: Application of Tin Cyanides in the Synthesis of Alkenylstannanes by Trialkylstannylcyanation of Alkynes .....	1
5.2.17.9	<b>Acylstannanes (Including S, Se, and Te Analogues)</b> <span style="float: right;">2014</span> P. B. Wyatt	
5.2.17.9	<b>Acylstannanes (Including S, Se, and Te Analogues)</b> .....	3
5.2.17.9.1	Applications of Acylstannanes in Organic Synthesis .....	3
5.2.17.9.1.1	Method 1: Synthesis of $\beta,\gamma$ -Unsaturated Ketones by Acylation of Allylic Esters with Acylstannanes .....	3
5.2.17.9.1.2	Method 2: Synthesis of $\alpha$ -Oxoamides by Reaction of Stannanecarboxamides with Acyl Chlorides .....	3
5.2.17.9.1.3	Method 3: Synthesis of 3-(Trialkylstannyl)alk-2-enamides by Carbamoylstannylation of Terminal Alkynes .....	4
5.2.17.9.1.4	Method 4: Synthesis of 1,4-Dicarbonyl Compounds by Acylstannylation of $\alpha,\beta$ -Unsaturated Carbonyl Compounds .....	5
5.2.17.9.1.5	Method 5: Synthesis of $\varepsilon$ -Oxoallylstannanes by Acylstannylation of 1,3-Dienes .....	6
5.2.17.9.1.6	Method 6: Synthesis of $\alpha$ -(Acylmethyl)vinylstannanes by Acylstannylation of 1,2-Dienes .....	7
5.2.17.9.1.7	Method 7: Synthesis of Alkenylstannanes by Decarbonylative Carbostannylation of Alkynes .....	8
5.2.18.8	<b>Imidoylstannanes, Diazoalkylstannanes, Tin Isocyanates, and Tin Isothiocyanates</b> <span style="float: right;">2014</span> P. B. Wyatt	
5.2.18.8	<b>Imidoylstannanes, Diazoalkylstannanes, Tin Isocyanates, and Tin Isothiocyanates</b> .....	11
5.2.18.8.1	Method 1: Application of Imidoylstannanes in the Synthesis of 1,3,2-Diazaboroles from Aryldibromoboranes .....	11
5.2.18.8.2	Method 2: Application of Diazoalkylstannanes in the Synthesis of Cyclopropylstannanes from Alkenes .....	11

## Volume 6: Boron Compounds

### 6.1 Product Class 1: Boron Compounds

6.1.42	<b>Product Subclass 42: N-Heterocyclic Carbene Borane Complexes</b>	New
A.-L. Vallet and E. Lacôte		
6.1.42	<b>Product Subclass 42: N-Heterocyclic Carbene Borane Complexes</b> .....	13
6.1.42.1	Synthesis of Product Subclass 42 .....	13
6.1.42.1.1	Method 1: Synthesis by Carbene–Boron Bond Formation .....	13
6.1.42.1.1.1	Variation 1: Reaction of a Borane with a Stable Carbene .....	13
6.1.42.1.1.2	Variation 2: Reaction of “Ate” Complexes with an Imidazolium Salt .....	15
6.1.42.1.1.3	Variation 3: Synthesis from Lithiated Hetarenes and 1-Boryl-1-silylalkenes .....	15
6.1.42.1.1.4	Variation 4: Synthesis of Abnormal (Mesoionic) Carbene Boranes .....	16
6.1.42.1.1.5	Variation 5: Synthesis from Imidazole Boranes .....	16
6.1.42.1.1.6	Variation 6: Synthesis from Isonitriles .....	17
6.1.42.1.1.7	Variation 7: Miscellaneous Syntheses .....	18
6.1.42.1.2	Method 2: Electrophilic Modification of N-Heterocyclic Carbene Borane Complexes .....	19
6.1.42.1.3	Method 3: Modification of Carbene Boranes via Anionic Derivatives .....	23
6.1.42.1.3.1	Variation 1: Reaction of Carbene Boryl Anions .....	23
6.1.42.1.3.2	Variation 2: Deprotonation on the Carbene Backbone .....	24
6.1.42.1.4	Method 4: Modification via N-Heterocyclic Carbene Boryl Radical Formation .....	24
6.1.42.1.4.1	Variation 1: Formation and Physical Organic Characterization of N-Heterocyclic Carbene Boryl Radicals .....	24
6.1.42.1.4.2	Variation 2: Access to N-Heterocyclic Carbene Boryl Sulfides .....	28
6.1.42.1.4.3	Variation 3: Formation of Diborenes and Diborynes .....	30
6.1.42.1.5	Method 5: Modification via Borylene Formation .....	30
6.1.42.1.6	Method 6: Modification via Rearrangement and Sigmatropic Reactions .....	32
6.1.42.1.6.1	Variation 1: Reaction in Close Proximity to the Boron Atom .....	32
6.1.42.1.6.2	Variation 2: Reaction Directly Involving the Boron Atom .....	32
6.1.42.2	Applications of Product Subclass 42 in Organic Synthesis .....	33
6.1.42.2.1	Method 1: Use as Hydride, Aryl, Boryl, and Silyl Donors in Ionic and Organometallic Reactions .....	33
6.1.42.2.1.1	Variation 1: Hydride Donors .....	33
6.1.42.2.1.2	Variation 2: Transmetalation Reactions .....	36
6.1.42.2.1.3	Variation 3: N-Heterocyclic Carbene Catalyzed Boryl and Silyl Transfer from Diboranes and Silylboranes .....	38
6.1.42.2.2	Method 2: Use of N-Heterocyclic Carbene Boranes as Hydrogen Donors in Molecular Free-Radical Reactions .....	39
6.1.42.2.2.1	Variation 1: Deoxygenations .....	39
6.1.42.2.2.2	Variation 2: Dehalogenations .....	40
6.1.42.2.2.3	Variation 3: Hydroxymethylation .....	42

6.1.42.2.3	Method 3:	Use of N-Heterocyclic Carbene Boranes as Initiators for Free-Radical Polymerizations	42
6.1.42.2.4	Method 4:	Use in Alkene and Alkyne Hydroborations	44

## Volume 10: Fused Five-Membered Heteroarenes with One Heteroatom

10.1	<b>Product Class 1: Benzo[b]furans</b>	2014
	H. Kwiecień	
10.1	<b>Product Class 1: Benzo[b]furans</b>	51
10.1.1	Synthesis by Ring-Closure Reactions	60
10.1.1.1	Annulation to an Arene	60
10.1.1.1.1	Formation of One O—C and One C—C Bond	60
10.1.1.1.1.1	Formation of 1—2 and 3—3a Bonds	60
10.1.1.1.1.1.1	Method 1: Synthesis from 2-Halophenols and Alkynes	60
10.1.1.1.1.1.1.1	Variation 1: 2-Halophenols and Copper(I) Acetylides	61
10.1.1.1.1.1.1.2	Variation 2: 2-Halophenols and Alkynes with a Copper Catalyst	63
10.1.1.1.1.1.1.3	Variation 3: 2-Halophenols and Alkynes with a Palladium(II) Catalyst	66
10.1.1.1.1.1.1.4	Variation 4: 2-Halophenols and Alkynes with a Palladium(II) and Copper(I) Catalyst System	68
10.1.1.1.1.1.1.5	Variation 5: 2-Halophenols and Alkynes with a Palladium(0)/Copper(I) Catalyst System	74
10.1.1.1.1.1.1.6	Variation 6: 2-Halophenols, Propargyl Bromide, and Amines or Potassium Amides under Palladium/Copper Catalysis	76
10.1.1.1.1.1.1.7	Variation 7: Combinatorial Procedure from 2-Halophenols and Alkynes with Palladium/Copper	77
10.1.1.1.1.1.1.8	Variation 8: 2-Halophenols with Palladium/Magnesium	80
10.1.1.1.1.1.2	Method 2: Synthesis from Aryl Halides, Protected 2-Iodophenols, and 1-Ethynylcyclohexanol	82
10.1.1.1.1.1.3	Method 3: Synthesis from Phenols and $\beta$ -Oxo Esters with an Iron Catalyst	84
10.1.1.1.1.1.4	Method 4: Synthesis from Phenols and Bromoalkynes	85
10.1.1.1.1.1.5	Method 5: Synthesis from 2-Bromophenols and Enolates with a Palladium Catalyst	87
10.1.1.1.1.1.6	Method 6: Synthesis from Phenols by Dehydrative C—H Alkenylation and Annulation with 1,2-Diols	88
10.1.1.1.1.1.7	Method 7: Synthesis from Phenols via Direct <i>ortho</i> Functionalization by Extended Pummerer Reaction	89
10.1.1.1.1.1.8	Method 8: Synthesis of 3-Iodobenzo[b]furans from 2-Iodoanisole and Alkynes	90
10.1.1.1.1.1.9	Method 9: Synthesis from O-Aryloximes via [3,3]-Sigmatropic Rearrangement	91
10.1.1.1.1.1.10	Method 10: Synthesis from 2-Halophenols and Alkynes via Photochemical Reaction	93
10.1.1.1.1.1.11	Method 11: Synthesis from 1,4-Quinones	94

10.1.1.1.1.2	Formation of 1—2 and 2—3 Bonds	97
10.1.1.1.1.2.1	Method 1: Synthesis from 2-Hydroxyarylaldehydes or 2-Hydroxyaryl Ketones	97
10.1.1.1.1.2.1.1	Variation 1: 2-Hydroxybenzaldehydes and Chloroacetone	97
10.1.1.1.1.2.1.2	Variation 2: 2-Hydroxybenzaldehydes and 1-Aryl-2-haloethanones	99
10.1.1.1.1.2.1.3	Variation 3: 2-Hydroxybenzonitriles and a 1-Aryl-2-bromoethanone	101
10.1.1.1.1.2.1.4	Variation 4: 2-Hydroxybenzaldehydes and 1-Aryl-2-bromoethanones	101
10.1.1.1.1.2.1.5	Variation 5: 2-Hydroxybenzaldehydes and $\alpha$ -Halo Esters	103
10.1.1.1.1.2.1.6	Variation 6: 2-Hydroxybenzaldehydes and Bromonitromethane	104
10.1.1.1.1.2.2	Method 2: Synthesis from 2-Hydroxybenzaldehydes, Secondary Amines, and Isocyanides	106
10.1.1.1.1.2.3	Method 3: Synthesis from 2-Hydroxybenzaldehydes, Secondary Amines, and Alkynes	107
10.1.1.1.1.2.4	Method 4: Synthesis from 2-Hydroxybenzophenones or 2-(1-Aryl-vinyl)phenols and Dimethylacetamide	110
10.1.1.1.1.2.4.1	Variation 1: 2-(1-Arylvinyl)phenols and Dimethylacetamide	113
10.1.1.1.1.2.5	Method 5: Synthesis of Benzo[ <i>b</i> ]furan-2-carbaldehydes from 2-Hydroxyaryl Ketones and 1,1-Dichloroethene	114
10.1.1.1.1.3	Formation of 1—7a and 3—3a Bonds	115
10.1.1.1.1.3.1	Method 1: Synthesis from 1,2-Dihaloarenes and 1,2-Diarylethanones	116
10.1.1.1.1.3.2	Method 2: Synthesis from 1-Bromo-2-iodoarenes and 1,3-Dicarbonyl Compounds	121
10.1.1.1.1.3.2.1	Variation 1: 1-Bromo-2-iodobenzenes with 1,3-Oxo Esters	121
10.1.1.1.1.3.2.2	Variation 2: 1-Bromo-2-iodobenzenes with 1,3-Dicarbonyl Compounds	122
10.1.1.1.1.4	Formation of 1—2 and 1—7a Bonds	123
10.1.1.1.1.4.1	Method 1: Synthesis from (2-Haloaryl)alkynes and Potassium Hydroxide	123
10.1.1.1.2	Formation of One O—C Bond	124
10.1.1.1.2.1	Formation of the 1—2 Bond	124
10.1.1.1.2.1.1	Method 1: Synthesis from Functionalized 2-Ethylphenols	125
10.1.1.1.2.1.1.1	Variation 1: Dehydration/Cyclization of 2-[1-(Isopropylsulfanyl)-2-hydroxyethyl]phenols	125
10.1.1.1.2.1.1.2	Variation 2: Iodine(III)-Mediated Oxidative Cyclization of 2-(2-Nitroethyl)phenols	126
10.1.1.1.2.1.2	Method 2: Synthesis from 2-Allylphenols	128
10.1.1.1.2.1.2.1	Variation 1: Catalytic Oxidative Cyclization	128
10.1.1.1.2.1.2.2	Variation 2: Iodocyclization and Dehydroiodination with 1,8-Diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene	131
10.1.1.1.2.1.3	Method 3: Synthesis from 2-Alkenylphenols	132
10.1.1.1.2.1.3.1	Variation 1: By Vanadyl Acetylacetonate Catalysis	132
10.1.1.1.2.1.3.2	Variation 2: From 1,1-Dibromoalk-1-enes Using a Palladium or Copper Catalyst	133
10.1.1.1.2.1.4	Method 4: Synthesis from 2-Allelylphenols	135
10.1.1.1.2.1.5	Method 5: Synthesis from 2-Alkynylphenols	136
10.1.1.1.2.1.5.1	Variation 1: From 2-Alkynylphenols via Palladium/Copper Catalysis	137
10.1.1.1.2.1.5.2	Variation 2: With Allyl or Propargyl Carbonates via Palladium-Catalyzed Annulation	142

10.1.1.1.2.1.5.3	Variation 3:	Palladium-Catalyzed Carbonylative Annulation .....	144
10.1.1.1.2.1.5.4	Variation 4:	With <i>N</i> -Tosylhydrazones via Copper(I)-Catalyzed Coupling ...	145
10.1.1.1.2.1.5.5	Variation 5:	2-(Silylalkynyl)phenols and Acyl Chlorides .....	147
10.1.1.1.2.1.6	Method 6:	Synthesis from 2-Alkynylphenol Ethers by Electrophilic Cyclization .....	148
10.1.1.1.2.1.6.1	Variation 1:	2-Alkynylanisoles or 2-(Chalcogenoalkynyl)anisoles .....	148
10.1.1.1.2.1.6.2	Variation 2:	Metal-Promoted or Metal-Free Annulation of 2-Alkynyl- anisoles with Dichalcogenides .....	150
10.1.1.1.2.1.6.3	Variation 3:	Iodocyclization of 2-Alkynylphenyl 1-Ethoxyethyl Ethers .....	152
10.1.1.1.2.1.7	Method 7:	Synthesis from 1-Phenylpropargyl Alcohols by Nucleophilic Substitution/Oxacycloisomerization .....	153
10.1.1.1.2.1.8	Method 8:	Synthesis from 1-(2-Hydroxyaryl)propargylamines via Silver Cation Coordination Cyclization .....	154
10.1.1.1.2.1.9	Method 9:	Ring-Opening Cyclization of Cyclopropene Derivatives .....	155
10.1.1.1.2.1.10	Method 10:	Synthesis from 2-Hydroxyaryl Ketones .....	157
10.1.1.1.2.1.10.1	Variation 1:	With Dimethylsulfoxonium Methylide .....	157
10.1.1.1.2.1.11	Method 11:	Solid-Phase Synthesis Using Titanium Benzylidenes .....	158
10.1.1.1.2.2	Formation of the 1—7a Bond .....		160
10.1.1.1.2.2.1	Method 1:	Synthesis from $\alpha$ -(2-Haloaryl)alkyl Ketones by Intramolecular O-Arylation of Enolates .....	160
10.1.1.1.2.2.1.1	Variation 1:	Palladium-Catalyzed Cyclization .....	161
10.1.1.1.2.2.1.2	Variation 2:	Using a Copper Catalyst .....	162
10.1.1.1.2.2.1.3	Variation 3:	Using a Copper Catalyst in Water .....	163
10.1.1.1.2.2.1.4	Variation 4:	Using Iron(III) Chloride and/or Copper(II) Chloride .....	164
10.1.1.1.2.2.2	Method 2:	Synthesis from Arylacetic Acids and Methyl Benzoates by a Claisen Condensation/Decarboxylation/Heteroatom Cyclization Cascade .....	165
10.1.1.1.2.2.3	Method 3:	Iron(III) Chloride Mediated Cyclization of $\alpha$ -Aryl Ketones ...	166
10.1.1.1.3	Formation of One C—C Bond .....		168
10.1.1.1.3.1	Formation of the 3—3a Bond .....		168
10.1.1.1.3.1.1	Method 1:	Synthesis from Allyl 2-Halophenyl Ethers .....	168
10.1.1.1.3.1.1.1	Variation 1:	Palladium Catalyzed Heck-Type Cyclization .....	169
10.1.1.1.3.1.1.2	Variation 2:	Potassium <i>tert</i> -Butoxide Mediated Heck-Like Cyclization .....	170
10.1.1.1.3.1.2	Method 2:	Synthesis from Allyl Phenyl Ethers .....	171
10.1.1.1.3.1.3	Method 3:	Synthesis from ( <i>E</i> )-1,2-Dichlorovinyl Phenyl Ethers .....	173
10.1.1.1.3.1.4	Method 4:	Synthesis from Benzyl 2-Haloaryl Ethers .....	174
10.1.1.1.3.1.5	Method 5:	Synthesis from 2-Aryloxy Carbonyl Compounds .....	176
10.1.1.1.3.1.5.1	Variation 1:	Cyclization of 2-(Aryloxy)aldehydes and Their Acetals .....	176
10.1.1.1.3.1.5.2	Variation 2:	Cyclization of 2-Aryloxy Ketones .....	180
10.1.1.1.3.1.5.3	Variation 3:	Cyclization of 2-(Aryloxy)alkanoic Acid Derivatives .....	182
10.1.1.1.3.1.6	Method 6:	Intramolecular Addition of Arylboronic Acids to Ketones ...	184
10.1.1.1.3.1.7	Method 7:	Synthesis from ( <i>E</i> )-3-(Aryloxy)acrylonitriles .....	187
10.1.1.1.3.1.8	Method 8:	Arylative Dearomatization of Furans Using a Palladium(0) Catalyst .....	188

10.1.1.1.3.2	Formation of the 2—3 Bond	189
10.1.1.1.3.2.1	Method 1: Synthesis from 2-(2-Acylphenoxy)alkanoic Acids and Their Derivatives	189
10.1.1.1.3.2.1.1	Variation 1: From Alkyl (2-Acylphenoxy)acetates	189
10.1.1.1.3.2.1.2	Variation 2: From (2-Acylaryloxy)acetic Acids under Perkin Conditions	192
10.1.1.1.3.2.1.3	Variation 3: From (2-Acylphenoxy)(phenyl)acetic Acid or (2-Acylphenoxy)alkanoic Acid Derivatives under Classical Conditions for Ketene Generation	196
10.1.1.1.3.2.1.4	Variation 4: From 2-(2-Acylphenoxy)alkanoic Acids under Classical Perkin Conditions via Ketene Intermediates	197
10.1.1.1.3.2.2	Method 2: Synthesis from 2-(2-Oxoalkoxy)benzonitriles	200
10.1.1.1.3.2.3	Method 3: Synthesis from 2-(Arylalkoxy)benzaldehydes or Aryl Ketones	202
10.1.1.1.3.2.3.1	Variation 1: From 2-(Arylalkoxy)benzaldehydes or 2-(Arylalkoxy)aryl Ketones	202
10.1.1.1.3.2.3.2	Variation 2: From {2-[1-(1 <i>H</i> -Benzotriazol-1-yl)alkoxy]phenyl}(phenyl)methanones	204
10.1.1.1.3.2.4	Method 4: Ultrasound-Promoted Cyclization of 1-Aryl-2-[(2-arylethynyl)phenoxy]ethanones in an Ionic Liquid	206
10.1.1.1.3.2.5	Method 5: Chemoselective Intramolecular Wittig Reaction	207
10.1.1.1.3.2.6	Method 6: Synthesis from 2-(Cyanomethyl)phenyl Carbamates	208
10.1.1.1.3.2.7	Method 7: Synthesis from 2-Methoxybenzoic Acid Derivatives via Cyclization of an Acyl Diazonium Acetate	210
10.1.1.2	Annulation to the Furan Ring	212
10.1.1.2.1	Formation of Three C—C Bonds	212
10.1.1.2.1.1	Formation of 3a—4, 4—5, and 6—7 Bonds	212
10.1.1.2.1.1.1	Method 1: Synthesis from Chromium-(2-Furyl)carbene Complexes	212
10.1.1.2.2	Formation of Two C—C Bonds	212
10.1.1.2.2.1	Formation of 3a—4 and 5—6 Bonds	213
10.1.1.2.2.1.1	Method 1: Synthesis from 2-Alkenylfurans	213
10.1.1.2.2.2	Formation of 5—6 and 7—7a Bonds	214
10.1.1.2.2.2.1	Method 1: Synthesis from 3-Alkenylfurans	214
10.1.1.2.2.2.2	Method 2: Synthesis from 4-(3-Furyl)-3-(ethoxycarbonyl)but-3-enoic Acid	216
10.1.1.2.2.3	Formation of 3a—4 and 7—7a Bonds	217
10.1.1.2.2.3.1	Method 1: Diels–Alder Reaction of 2-Nitrofurans	217
10.1.1.2.2.4	Formation of 3a—4 and 6—7 Bonds	219
10.1.1.2.2.4.1	Method 1: Synthesis from Cyclobutenones	219
10.1.1.2.2.4.2	Method 2: Synthesis from 2-(1 <i>H</i> -Benzotriazolylmethyl)furans	220
10.1.1.2.2.5	Formation of 6—7 and 7—7a Bonds	221
10.1.1.2.2.5.1	Method 1: Synthesis from 3-(3-Furyl)allyl Acetate and Carbon Monoxide	221

10.1.1.2.3	Formation of One C—C Bond	222
10.1.1.2.3.1	Formation of the 3a—4 Bond	222
10.1.1.2.3.1.1	Method 1: Synthesis from 1-(2-Furyl)alk-3-yn-2-ols by Gold-Catalyzed Conversion	222
10.1.1.2.3.1.2	Method 2: Indium-Catalyzed Cycloisomerization of 2-Furyl-Substituted Cyclopropene Dicarbonyl Compounds	223
10.1.1.2.3.2	Formation of the 7—7a Bond	224
10.1.1.2.3.2.1	Method 1: Indium-Catalyzed Cycloisomerization of 3-Furyl-Substituted Cyclopropene Dicarbonyl Compounds	224
10.1.1.2.3.3	Formation of the 5—6 Bond	225
10.1.1.2.3.3.1	Method 1: $6\pi$ -Electrocyclization/Dehydrogenation of 2,3-Di(alkenyl)-furans	225
10.1.2	Synthesis by Ring Transformation	226
10.1.2.1	Method 1: Ring Contraction of Benzopyran Derivatives	226
10.1.2.2	Method 2: Ring Enlargement of Cyclobutenones	231
10.1.2.3	Method 3: Synthesis from Stable Pallada(II)cycles	233
10.1.3	Aromatization	235
10.1.3.1	Method 1: Dehydrogenation of 2,3-Dihydrobenzo[b]furans	235
10.1.3.2	Method 2: Halogenation/Dehydrohalogenation of 2,3-Dihydrobenzo[b]furans	238
10.1.3.2.1	Variation 1: Bromination/Dehydrobromination	238
10.1.3.2.2	Variation 2: Dehydroiodination of 2-(Iodomethyl)-2,3-dihydrobenzo[b]furans	241
10.1.3.3	Method 3: Dehydrogenation of Benzene Ring Reduced Benzo[b]furans	243
10.1.3.4	Method 4: Dehydrogenation of 2,3,3a,4,5,6-Hexahydrobenzo[b]furans	243
10.1.3.5	Method 5: Dehydration of 2,3-Dihydrobenzo[b]furan-2-ols or -3-ols and Reduction and Other Transformations of Benzo[b]furan-3(2H)-ones	246
10.1.4	Synthesis by Substituent Modification	250
10.1.4.1	Substitution of Existing Substituents	250
10.1.4.1.1	Of Hydrogen	250
10.1.4.1.1.1	Electrophilic Substitution	250
10.1.4.1.1.1.1	Method 1: Halogenation	250
10.1.4.1.1.1.2	Method 2: Nitration	256
10.1.4.1.1.1.3	Method 3: Sulfonation	259
10.1.4.1.1.1.4	Method 4: Synthesis of Carbon-Substituted Benzo[b]furans	260
10.1.4.1.1.1.4.1	Variation 1: Introduction of Cyano Groups	260
10.1.4.1.1.1.4.2	Variation 2: Introduction of Acyl Groups	260
10.1.4.1.1.1.4.3	Variation 3: Introduction of Alkyl Groups	271
10.1.4.1.1.1.4.4	Variation 4: Introduction of Hydroxyalkyl and Chloroalkyl Groups	273
10.1.4.1.1.1.4.5	Variation 5: Introduction of Aminoalkyl Groups	274

10.1.4.1.1.2	Radical Substitution .....	275
10.1.4.1.1.2.1	Method 1: Nitration .....	275
10.1.4.1.1.2.2	Method 2: Synthesis of Carbon-Substituted Benzo[ <i>b</i> ]furans .....	275
10.1.4.1.1.3	Base Deprotonation .....	276
10.1.4.1.1.3.1	Method 1: Synthesis of Lithiated Benzo[ <i>b</i> ]furans and Related Species ...	276
10.1.4.1.2	Of Metals .....	277
10.1.4.1.2.1	Method 1: Halogenation .....	277
10.1.4.1.2.2	Method 2: Synthesis of Sulfur-Substituted Benzo[ <i>b</i> ]furans .....	280
10.1.4.1.2.3	Method 3: Nitration .....	284
10.1.4.1.2.4	Method 4: Synthesis of Carbon-Substituted Benzo[ <i>b</i> ]furans .....	285
10.1.4.1.2.4.1	Variation 1: Reactions with Carbon Electrophiles .....	285
10.1.4.1.2.4.2	Variation 2: Reaction of Boronated Benzo[ <i>b</i> ]furans with Carbon Electrophiles .....	293
10.1.4.1.2.4.3	Variation 3: <i>ipso</i> Displacement of Silicon .....	299
10.1.4.1.2.4.4	Variation 4: From Unfunctionalized Benzo[ <i>b</i> ]furans via Organopalladium Intermediates .....	301
10.1.4.1.2.4.5	Variation 5: Via Organopalladium Intermediates Using Metalated Benzo[ <i>b</i> ]furans .....	304
10.1.4.1.2.4.6	Variation 6: Via Organopalladium Intermediates Using Benzo[ <i>b</i> ]furanyl Halides and Trifluoromethanesulfonates .....	307
10.1.4.1.2.4.7	Variation 7: Via Other Organometallic Intermediates .....	312
10.1.4.1.3	Of Carbon Functionalities .....	316
10.1.4.1.3.1	Method 1: Protodecarboxylation .....	316
10.1.4.1.3.2	Method 2: Curtius Rearrangement of Benzo[ <i>b</i> ]furan carboxylic Acids ...	319
10.1.4.1.3.3	Method 3: Functionalization of Carbon-Substituted Benzo[ <i>b</i> ]furans ...	320
10.1.4.1.4	Of Heteroatom Functionality .....	328
10.1.4.1.4.1	Method 1: Reactions of Halobenzo[ <i>b</i> ]furans .....	328
10.1.4.1.4.2	Method 2: Reactions of Sulfanylbenzo[ <i>b</i> ]furans .....	330
10.1.4.1.4.3	Method 3: Reactions of Alkoxybenzo[ <i>b</i> ]furans .....	331
10.1.4.1.4.4	Method 4: Reactions of Aminobenzo[ <i>b</i> ]furans .....	333
10.1.4.2	Rearrangement of C-Substituents .....	333
10.1.4.2.1	Method 1: Rearrangements Giving Carbon-Substituted Benzo[ <i>b</i> ]furans ·	333



**Volume 18:**  
**Four Carbon—Heteroatom Bonds:  $X-C\equiv X$ ,  $X=C=X$ ,  
 $X_2C=X$ ,  $CX_4$**

18.16	<b>Product Class 16: Other Tetraheterosubstituted Methanes</b>		
18.16.20	<b>Other Tetraheterosubstituted Methanes</b>		2014
	W. Kantlehner		
18.16.20	<b>Other Tetraheterosubstituted Methanes</b>	.....	349
18.16.20.1	Orthocarbonic Acid Tetraesters (Tetraalkoxymethanes)	.....	349
18.16.20.1.1	Method 1: Synthesis by Substitution of Tetrahalomethanes with Alcohols or Alkoxides	.....	349
18.16.20.1.2	Method 2: Synthesis by Substitution of Dichloroacetals	.....	350
18.16.20.1.3	Method 3: Synthesis by Metal-Mediated Desulfurization of Carbon Disulfide or Analogues with Alkoxides or Alcohols	.....	352
18.16.20.1.4	Method 4: Synthesis by Transesterification of Orthocarbonic Acid Tetraesters with Alcohols	.....	353
18.16.20.1.5	Method 5: Synthesis by Derivatization of Additional Functional Groups Present in the Orthocarbonate	.....	356
18.16.20.1.6	Method 6: Synthesis by Miscellaneous Methods	.....	357
18.16.20.2	Thioorthocarbonic Acid Tetraesters [Trialkoxy(alkylsulfanyl)methanes]	.....	358
18.16.20.2.1	Method 1: Synthesis from Epoxides and 1,3-Dioxolane-2-thione by Addition	.....	358
18.16.20.3	Orthocarbamic Acid Triesters	.....	359
18.16.20.3.1	Method 1: Synthesis of 2,2-Dialkoxo-2,5-dihydro-1,3,4-oxadiazoles from Ketone Hydrazones by Oxidative Cyclization	.....	359
18.16.20.3.2	Method 2: Synthesis by Addition of Alcohols to Isocyanates	.....	363
18.16.20.3.3	Method 3: Synthesis by Oxidation of <i>o</i> -(Dialkylamino)phenols	.....	363
18.16.20.4	Trialkoxy(phosphino)methanes and Trialkoxy(phosphoryl)methanes	.....	364
18.16.20.4.1	Method 1: Synthesis by Addition to Trialkoxycarbenium Salts and Orthocarbonates	.....	364
18.16.20.5	Dithioorthocarbonic Acid Tetraesters [Dialkoxobis(alkylsulfanyl)methanes]	..	365
18.16.20.5.1	Method 1: Synthesis by Miscellaneous Reactions	.....	365
18.16.20.6	Thioorthocarbamic Acid Triesters [Dialkoxy(alkylsulfanyl)aminomethanes]	..	366
18.16.20.6.1	Method 1: Synthesis by Oxidative Cyclization of <i>N</i> -[(Methylsulfanyl)carbonyl] Acetone Hydrazone	.....	366
18.16.20.6.2	Method 2: Synthesis by Reaction of 3-(3-Phenylacryloyl)oxazolidine-2-thiones with Aromatic Aldehydes	.....	366
18.16.20.7	Orthocarbonic Acid Diester Diamides (Dialkoxydiaminomethanes)	.....	367
18.16.20.7.1	Method 1: Synthesis by Substitution of Bis(aryloxy)dichloromethanes	..	367
18.16.20.7.2	Method 2: Synthesis by Cycloaddition of Nitrile Oxides to 2-(Arylimino)-oxazolidin-4-ones	.....	367

18.16.20.8	Dialkoxybis(phosphino)methanes .....	368
18.16.20.8.1	Method 1: Synthesis by Thermolysis of Trialkoxy(phosphino)methanes ·	368
18.16.20.9	Trithioorthocarbonic Acid Tetraesters [Alkoxytris(organosulfanyl)methanes] ·	369
18.16.20.9.1	Method 1: Synthesis by Cycloaddition of Thiocarbonyl Compounds .....	369
18.16.20.9.2	Method 2: Synthesis of Oxatrithiaspirans from Epoxides and 1,3-Dithio- lane-2-thiones .....	369
18.16.20.10	Dithioorthocarbamic Acid Triesters [Amino(organooxy)bis(organosulfanyl)methanes] .....	370
18.16.20.10.1	Method 1: Synthesis by Substitutive Cleavage of Ketene S,S-Acetals .....	370
18.16.20.10.2	Method 2: Synthesis by Reductive Cleavage of a Disulfide with Hetero- cyclic Substituents .....	371
18.16.20.10.3	Method 3: Synthesis by Addition of Methanol or Methoxide to S-Arylethynyl Dithiocarbamates .....	371
18.16.20.10.4	Method 4: Synthesis by Reaction of 3-(3-Phenylacryloyl)thiazolidine- 2-thiones with 4-Chlorobenzaldehyde .....	372
18.16.20.11	Alkoxybis(alkylsulfanyl)phosphorylmethanes .....	373
18.16.20.11.1	Method 1: Synthesis from Diazo Compounds and Phosphoryldithio- formates .....	373
18.16.20.12	Thioorthocarbonic Acid O-Ester Diamides [Bis(organoamino)(organooxy)sulfanylmethanes] .....	374
18.16.20.12.1	Method 1: Synthesis by Addition of Amines to 2-Thioxo-1,3-oxazin- 4-ones .....	374
18.16.20.12.2	Method 2: Synthesis by Addition of Amino Acids to Acyl Isothiocyanates	375
18.16.20.12.3	Method 3: Synthesis by Cycloaddition of Nitrile Oxides to 2-(Arylimino)- thiazolidin-4-ones .....	375
18.16.20.12.4	Method 4: Synthesis by Rearrangement of 2,2-Bis(trifluoromethyl)- 2-(trimethylsiloxy)ethyl Thiocyanate .....	376
18.16.20.13	Alkoxytriaminomethanes .....	377
18.16.20.13.1	Method 1: Synthesis by Oxidation of Tris(pyrazolyl)methylolithiums .....	377
18.16.20.13.2	Method 2: Synthesis from Guanidinium Ylides and Alkenals .....	378
18.16.20.13.3	Method 3: Synthesis of Alkoxytriaminomethanes by Cyclocondensation ·	378
18.16.20.14	Tetrathioorthocarbonic Acid Tetraesters [Tetrakis(organosulfanyl)methanes], Bis(organosulfanyl)bis(organosulfinyl)methanes, Tris(organosulfanyl)(organo- sulfonyl)methanes, and Bis(organosulfanyl)bis(organosulfonyl)methanes .....	379
18.16.20.14.1	Method 1: Synthesis from Aryl (Arylsulfonyl)dithioformates and Diazo- methane .....	379
18.16.20.14.2	Method 2: Synthesis by Substitution of Halomethanes with Thiolates ···	380
18.16.20.14.3	Method 3: Synthesis of Tetrathiaspirans from Thiiranes and 1,3-Dithio- lane-2-thiones .....	380
18.16.20.15	Trithioorthocarbamic Acid Triesters [Aminotris(organosulfanyl)methanes] ···	381
18.16.20.15.1	Method 1: Synthesis by Addition of Thiophenols to S-Arylethynyl Dithio- carbamates .....	381

18.16.20.16	Tris(alkylsulfanyl)phosphorylmethanes .....	382
18.16.20.16.1	Method 1: Synthesis from (Alkylsulfanyl)(dialkoxyphosphoryl)(methyl- enesulfonio)methanides and Thioketones, (Arylsulfanyl)- dithioformates, or (Het)arylsulfanes .....	382
18.16.20.16.2	Method 2: Synthesis by Cleavage of S—S Bonds in Disulfides with (Alkyl- sulfanyl)(dialkoxyphosphoryl)methanides .....	384
18.16.20.17	Dithioorthocarbonic Acid Diamide Diesters [Diaminobis(organosulfanyl)methanes] .....	385
18.16.20.17.1	Method 1: Synthesis by Addition of Sulfanylacetic Acid to 2-(Arylimino)- thiazolidin-4-ones .....	385
18.16.20.17.2	Method 2: Synthesis by Addition of Amines or Hydrazines to S-Arylethynyl Dithiocarbamates .....	386
18.16.20.17.3	Method 3: Synthesis by Reaction of 1,1'-Thiocarbonyldi(benzotriazole) with Grignard Reagents .....	387
18.16.20.17.4	Method 4: Synthesis by Cycloaddition of Nitrile Imines with Thiazolidine- 2-thiones and Thiazole-2-thiones .....	387
18.16.20.18	Aminobis(organosulfanyl)phosphorylmethanes and Aminobis(organosulfanyl)phosphinomethanes .....	390
18.16.20.18.1	Method 1: Synthesis From Phosphoryldithioformates, Diazomethane, and Benzimidazole .....	390
18.16.20.18.2	Method 2: Synthesis by Addition of Dialkylphosphines to S-Arylethynyl Dithiocarbamates .....	390
18.16.20.18.3	Method 3: Synthesis by Addition of Phosphorylsulfoniomethanides to Azodicarboxylates .....	391
18.16.20.19	Thio- and Selenoorthocarbonic Acid Triamide Esters [Triamino(organosulfa- nyl)methanes and Triamino(organoselanyl)methanes] .....	391
18.16.20.19.1	Method 1: Synthesis by Addition of Nitrile Imines to Thioureas and Isothioureas .....	391
18.16.20.19.2	Method 2: Synthesis by Photolysis of 2-[(4,5-Diaryl-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)sul- fanyl]-3-oxo-N-phenyl-2-(phenylazo)butanamides .....	394
18.16.20.19.3	Method 3: Synthesis by Sulfonation of Lithium Tris(pyrazol-1-yl)metha- nides .....	394
18.16.20.20	Orthocarbonic Acid Tetraamides [Tetrakis(dialkylamino)methanes] .....	395
18.16.20.20.1	Method 1: Synthesis by Substitution of Halomethanes with Amines or Azides .....	395
18.16.20.20.2	Method 2: Synthesis of Tetrakis(dimethylamino)methane from Hexa- methylguanidinium Chloride by Addition of Metalated Di- methylamine .....	396
18.16.20.20.3	Method 3: Synthesis by Cycloaddition .....	396
18.16.20.20.4	Method 4: Synthesis by Cyclocondensation .....	397

## Volume 27: Heteroatom Analogues of Aldehydes and Ketones

27.1	<b>Product Class 1: Sulfur Ylides</b>		
27.1.7	<b>Sulfur Ylides</b>		2014
	G. Mlostoń and H. Heimgartner		
27.1.7	<b>Sulfur Ylides</b>		401
27.1.7.1	Sulfonium Ylides		401
27.1.7.1.1	Synthesis of Sulfonium Ylides		401
27.1.7.1.1.1	Method 1: Deprotonation of Sulfonium Salts		401
27.1.7.1.1.2	Method 2: Hydrogen Atom Substitution of an Existing Sulfonium Ylide		402
27.1.7.1.1.3	Method 3: Reaction of Sulfides with Carbenes and Carbenoids		403
27.1.7.1.1.3.1	Variation 1: Transition-Metal-Catalyzed Decomposition of Diazo Compounds		403
27.1.7.1.1.3.2	Variation 2: Reaction with Tetracyanooxirane		403
27.1.7.1.1.4	Method 4: Modification of Sulfonium Ylides with Isocyanates		404
27.1.7.1.1.5	Method 5: Reaction of $\beta$ -Hydroxy Ketones and the Corey–Kim Reagent		405
27.1.7.1.1.6	Method 6: Reaction of CH-Acidic Carbonyl Compounds and Martin's Sulfurane		405
27.1.7.1.2	Applications of Sulfonium Ylides in Organic Synthesis		406
27.1.7.1.2.1	Method 1: Reaction with Aldehydes and Ketones		406
27.1.7.1.2.1.1	Variation 1: Ylides Formed by Deprotonation		406
27.1.7.1.2.1.2	Variation 2: Ylides Formed by Reaction with Carbenes		408
27.1.7.1.2.2	Method 2: Reaction with Imines		409
27.1.7.1.2.2.1	Variation 1: Ylides Formed by Deprotonation of Sulfonium Salts		409
27.1.7.1.2.2.2	Variation 2: Ylides Formed by Reaction with Carbenes		410
27.1.7.1.2.3	Method 3: Reaction with Michael Acceptors		410
27.1.7.1.2.3.1	Variation 1: Ylides Formed by Deprotonation		411
27.1.7.1.2.4	Method 4: Reaction with Alkynes		413
27.1.7.1.2.5	Method 5: Rearrangement Reactions		415
27.1.7.1.2.6	Method 6: Heterocyclization Reactions		417
27.1.7.1.2.7	Method 7: Miscellaneous Applications		421

## Volume 32: X—Ene—X (X = F, Cl, Br, I, O, S, Se, Te, N, P), Ene—Hal, and Ene—O Compounds

32.3	<b>Product Class 3: 1,2-Bis(heteroatom-substituted) Alkenes</b>		
32.3.1.3	<b>1,2-Dihaloalkenes</b>		2014
	A. Bredenkamp and S. F. Kirsch		
32.3.1.3	<b>1,2-Dihaloalkenes</b>		425
32.3.1.3.1	Method 1:	Synthesis by Oxidation of Arenes or Hetarenes	425
32.3.1.3.1.1	Variation 1:	Oxidation of Phenols	425
32.3.1.3.2	Method 2:	Synthesis by Reduction	426
32.3.1.3.2.1	Variation 1:	Reductive Dechlorination or Debromination	426
32.3.1.3.3	Method 3:	Synthesis by Substitution	427
32.3.1.3.3.1	Variation 1:	Substitution of Fluorine	427
32.3.1.3.3.2	Variation 2:	Substitution of Chlorine or Bromine Atoms	429
32.3.1.3.3.3	Variation 3:	Substitution of Iodine Atoms	430
32.3.1.3.3.4	Variation 4:	Substitution of Mixed Halogen Atoms	431
32.3.1.3.3.5	Variation 5:	Substitution of Hydrogen by C—H Activation/Iodination	434
32.3.1.3.4	Method 4:	Synthesis by Addition	434
32.3.1.3.4.1	Variation 1:	Addition of Chlorine to Alkynes	434
32.3.1.3.4.2	Variation 2:	Addition of Bromine to Alkynes	435
32.3.1.3.4.3	Variation 3:	Addition of Iodine to Alkynes	443
32.3.1.3.4.4	Variation 4:	Addition of Bromine Monofluoride to Alkynes	444
32.3.1.3.4.5	Variation 5:	Addition of Halogen Chlorides or Halogen Bromides to Alkynes	445
32.3.1.3.4.6	Variation 6:	Addition of Halogen to Haloalkynes	446
32.3.1.3.4.7	Variation 7:	Addition to 1,2-Dichloroacetylene	451
32.3.1.3.4.8	Variation 8:	Addition of Halogens to Alkynes Combined with Cyclization	452
32.3.1.3.5	Method 5:	Synthesis from Alkenyl Compounds with Retention of C=C Bond Configuration	454
32.3.1.3.5.1	Variation 1:	Boron Replacement	454
32.3.1.3.5.2	Variation 2:	Silane Replacement	456
32.3.1.3.5.3	Variation 3:	Hydrogen Replacement	457
	<b>Author Index</b>		461
	<b>Abbreviations</b>		485